

**FIXED VOLTAGE REGULATOR (POSITIVE)****3-TERMINAL 1A POSITIVE VOLTAGE REGULATORS**

The LM78XX series of three-terminal positive regulators.

fixed output voltage and TO-220 package - are designed for a wide range of applications.

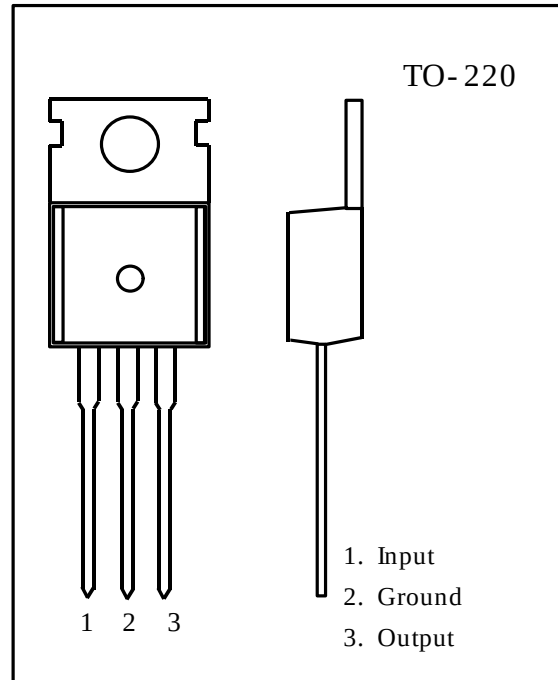
These applications include on-card regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single point regulation. In addition, they can be used with power pass elements to make high current voltage regulators.

If adequate heat sinking is provided, each of these regulators can deliver up to 1A of output current.

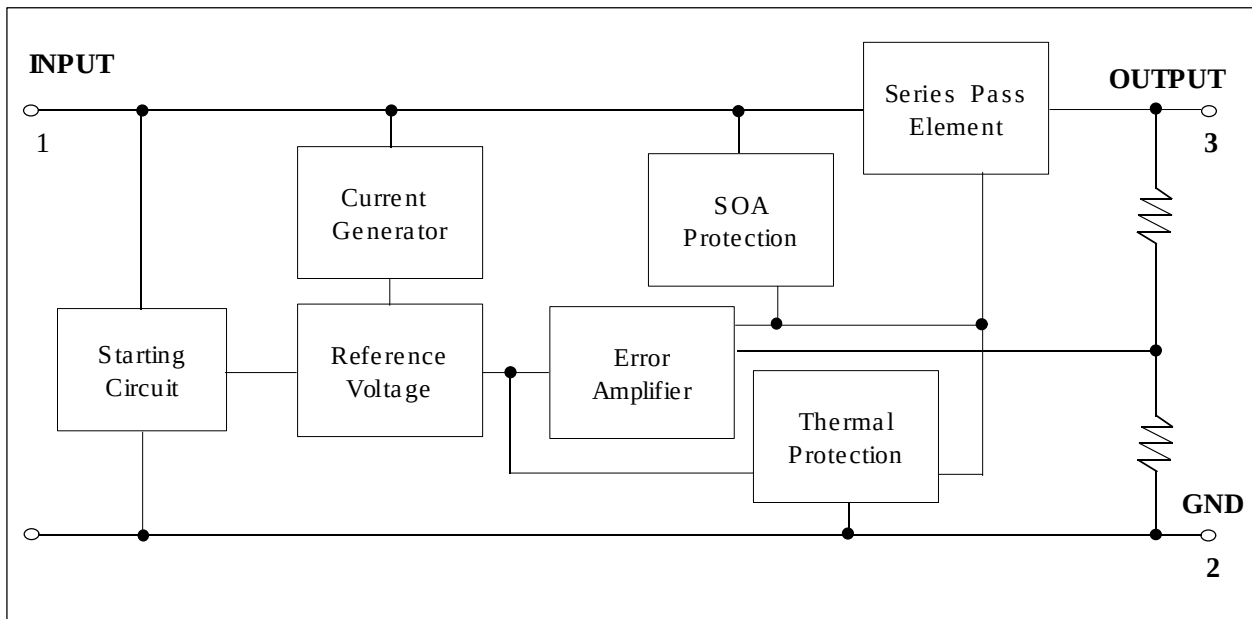
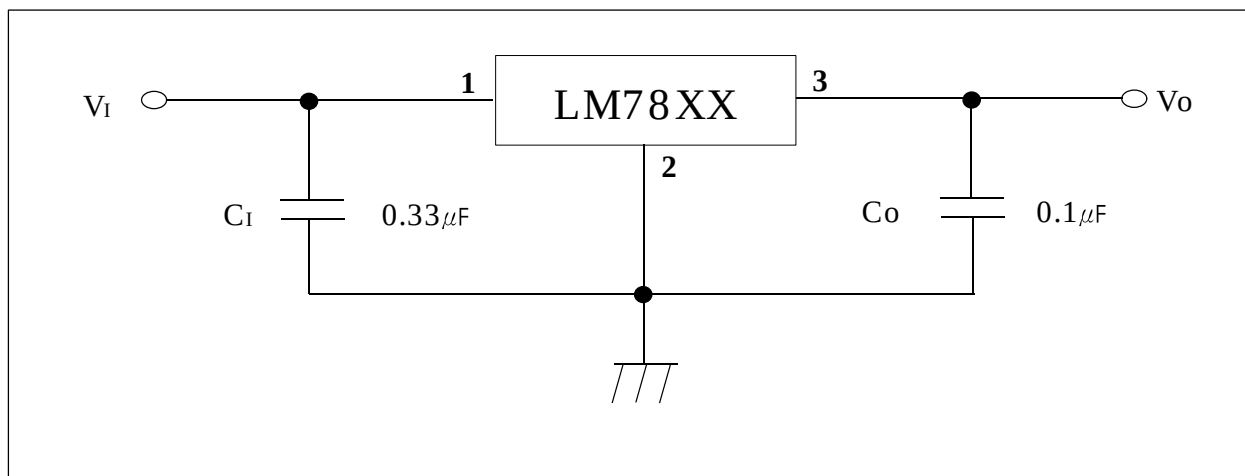
Although designed primarily as fixed voltage regulators, these devices can be used with external components to obtain adjustable voltage and currents.

**FEATURES**

- ◇ Output current in excess of 1A
- ◇ No external components required
- ◇ Internal short circuit current limiting
- ◇ Internal thermal overload protection
- ◇ Output transistor safe-area compensation
- ◇ Output voltage offered in 4% tolerance

**ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

| Characteristic                 |                 | Symbol           | Value      | Unit |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|------|
| Input Voltage                  | LM7805 ~ LM7818 |                  | 35         | V    |
|                                | LM7824          | V <sub>I</sub>   | 40         |      |
| Operating Junction Temperature |                 | T <sub>opr</sub> | 0 ~ +150   | °C   |
| Operating Temperature          |                 | T <sub>opr</sub> | 0 ~ +125   |      |
| Storage Temperature            |                 | T <sub>stg</sub> | -65 ~ +150 |      |

**FIXED VOLTAGE REGULATOR (POSITIVE)****1. BLOCK DIAGRAM****2. TYPICAL APPLICATIONS**

Note:

- (1) To specify an output voltage, substitute voltage value for "XX".
- (2)  $C_I$  is required if regulator is located in appreciable distance from power supply filter.
- (3)  $C_O$  improves stability and transient response.

# FIXED VOLTAGE REGULATOR (POSITIVE)

## LM7808 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(Refer to test circuit,  $T_{MIN} < T_J < T_{MAX}$ ,  $I_o = 500\text{mA}$ ,  $V_i = 14\text{V}$ ,  $C_1 = 0.33\mu\text{F}$ ,  $C_o = 0.1\mu\text{F}$ , unless otherwise specified)

| Characteristic           | Symbol                  | Test Condition                                                                                                                                 |                                       | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit                 |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|------|------|------|----------------------|
| Output Voltage           | $V_o$                   | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                       |                                       | 7.7  | 8.0  | 8.3  | V                    |
|                          |                         | $5.0\text{mA} \leq I_o \leq 1.0\text{A}$ , $P_D \leq 15\text{W}$<br>$V_i = 10.5\text{V to } 23\text{V}$<br>$V_i = 11.5\text{V to } 23\text{V}$ |                                       | 7.6  | 8.0  | 8.4  |                      |
| Line Regulation          | $\Delta V_o$            | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                       | $V_i = 10.5\text{V to } 25\text{V}$   |      | 5.0  | 160  | mV                   |
|                          |                         |                                                                                                                                                | $V_i = 11.5\text{V to } 17\text{V}$   |      | 2.0  | 80   |                      |
| Load Regulation          | $\Delta V_o$            | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                       | $I_o = 5\text{mA to } 1.5\text{A}$    |      | 10   | 160  | mV                   |
|                          |                         |                                                                                                                                                | $I_o = 250\text{mA to } 750\text{mA}$ |      | 5    | 80   |                      |
| Quiescent Current        | $I_Q$                   | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                       |                                       |      | 5    | 8    | mA                   |
| Quiescent Current Change | $\Delta I_Q$            | $I_o = 5\text{mA to } 1\text{A}$                                                                                                               |                                       |      | 0.05 | 0.5  | mA                   |
|                          |                         | $V_i = 10.5\text{V to } 25\text{V}$                                                                                                            |                                       |      | 0.5  | 1.0  |                      |
|                          |                         | $V_i = 11.5\text{V to } 25\text{V}$                                                                                                            |                                       |      |      |      |                      |
| Output Voltage Drift     | $\Delta V_o / \Delta T$ | $I_o = 5\text{mA}$                                                                                                                             |                                       |      | -0.8 |      | mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Output Noise Voltage     | $V_N$                   | $f = 10\text{Hz to } 100\text{kHz}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                   |                                       |      | 52   |      | $\mu\text{V}$        |
| Ripple Rejection         | RR                      | $f = 120\text{Hz}$ , $V_i = 11.5\text{V to } 21.5\text{V}$                                                                                     |                                       | 56   | 73   |      | dB                   |
| Dropout Voltage          | $V_D$                   | $I_o = 1\text{A}$ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                     |                                       |      | 2    |      | V                    |
| Peak Current             | $I_{PK}$                | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                                       |                                       |      | 2.2  |      | A                    |
| Output Resistance        | $R_o$                   | $f = 1\text{kHz}$                                                                                                                              |                                       |      | 17   |      | $M\Omega$            |
| Short Circuit Current    | $I_{SC}$                | $V_i = 35\text{V}$ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                    |                                       |      | 230  |      | mA                   |

Notes:

\*  $T_{MIN} < T_J < T_{MAX}$

LM78XX ;  $T_{MIN} = 0^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $T_{MAX} = 125^\circ\text{C}$

\* Load and line regulation are specified at constant junction temperature. Changes in  $V_o$  due to heating effects must be taken into account separately. Pulse testing with low duty is used.