

# DATA SHEET

For a complete data sheet, please also download:

- The IC04 LOC莫斯 HE4000B Logic Family Specifications HEF, HEC
- The IC04 LOC莫斯 HE4000B Logic Package Outlines/Information HEF, HEC

## **HEF4015B MSI Dual 4-bit static shift register**

Product specification  
File under Integrated Circuits, IC04

January 1995

**Dual 4-bit static shift register****HEF4015B  
MSI****DESCRIPTION**

The HEF4015B is a dual edge-triggered 4-bit static shift register (serial-to-parallel converter). Each shift register has a serial data input (D), a clock input (CP), four fully buffered parallel outputs (O<sub>0</sub> to O<sub>3</sub>) and an overriding asynchronous master reset input (MR). Information

present on D is shifted to the first register position, and all the data in the register is shifted one position to the right on the LOW-to-HIGH transition of CP. A HIGH on MR clears the register and forces O<sub>0</sub> to O<sub>3</sub> to LOW, independent of CP and D. Schmitt-trigger action in the clock input makes the circuit highly tolerant to slower clock rise and fall times.

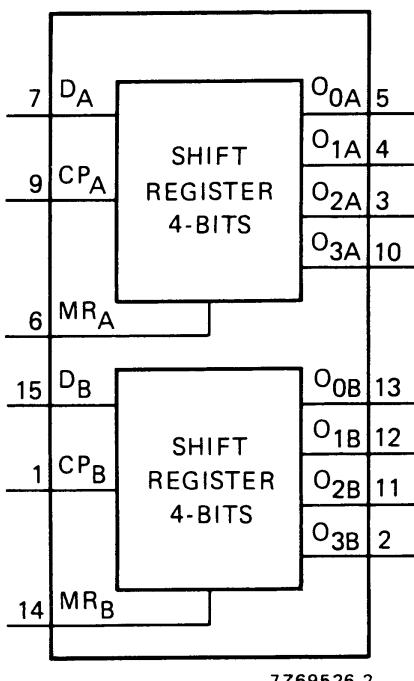


Fig.1 Functional diagram.

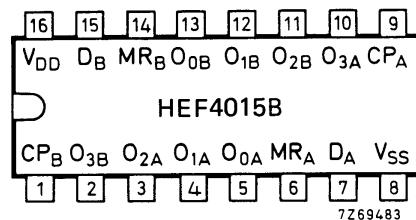


Fig.2 Pinning diagram.

- HEF4015BP(N): 16-lead DIL; plastic (SOT38-1)  
 HEF4015BD(F): 16-lead DIL; ceramic (cerdip) (SOT74)  
 HEF4015BT(D): 16-lead SO; plastic (SOT109-1)  
 ( ): Package Designator North America

**PINNING**

D <sub>A</sub> , D <sub>B</sub>	serial data input
M <sub>R</sub> <sub>A</sub> , M <sub>R</sub> <sub>B</sub>	master reset input (active HIGH)
C <sub>P</sub> <sub>A</sub> , C <sub>P</sub> <sub>B</sub>	clock input (LOW-to-HIGH edge-triggered)
O <sub>0A</sub> , O <sub>1A</sub> , O <sub>2A</sub> , O <sub>3A</sub>	parallel outputs
O <sub>0B</sub> , O <sub>1B</sub> , O <sub>2B</sub> , O <sub>3B</sub>	parallel outputs

**FAMILY DATA, I<sub>DD</sub> LIMITS category MSI**

See Family Specifications

**APPLICATION INFORMATION**

Some examples of applications for the HEF4015B are:

- Serial-to-parallel converter
- Buffer stores
- General purpose register

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## LOGIC DIAGRAM (one register)

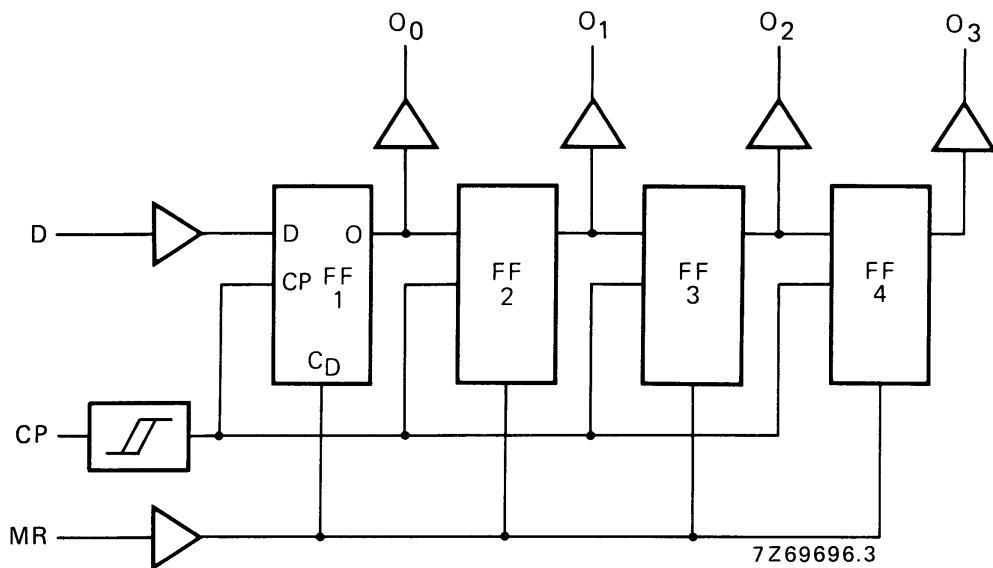


Fig.3 Logic diagram.

## FUNCTION TABLE

n	INPUTS			OUTPUTS			
	CP	D	MR	O <sub>0</sub>	O <sub>1</sub>	O <sub>2</sub>	O <sub>3</sub>
1		D <sub>1</sub>	L	D <sub>1</sub>	X	X	X
2		D <sub>2</sub>	L	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	X	X
3		D <sub>3</sub>	L	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	X
4		D <sub>4</sub>	L	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>
		X	L	no change			
	X	X	H	L	L	L	L

## Note

1. H = HIGH state (the more positive voltage)
2. L = LOW state (the less positive voltage)
3. X = state is immaterial
4. = positive-going transition
5. = negative-going transition
6. D<sub>n</sub> = either HIGH or LOW
7. n = number of clock pulse transitions

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## AC CHARACTERISTICS

 $V_{SS} = 0 \text{ V}$ ;  $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ;  $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ ; input transition times  $\leq 20 \text{ ns}$ 

	$V_{DD}$ V	SYMBOL	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	TYPICAL EXTRAPOLATION FORMULA
Propagation delays $CP \rightarrow O_n$ HIGH to LOW	5 10 15	$t_{PHL}$		130 55 40	260 110 80	ns ns ns
						$103 \text{ ns} + (0,55 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $44 \text{ ns} + (0,23 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $32 \text{ ns} + (0,16 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$
LOW to HIGH	5 10 15	$t_{PLH}$		120 55 40	240 110 80	ns ns ns
						$93 \text{ ns} + (0,55 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $44 \text{ ns} + (0,23 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $32 \text{ ns} + (0,16 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$
MR $\rightarrow O_n$ HIGH to LOW	5 10 15	$t_{PHL}$		105 45 35	210 90 70	ns ns ns
						$78 \text{ ns} + (0,55 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $34 \text{ ns} + (0,23 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $27 \text{ ns} + (0,16 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$
Output transition times HIGH to LOW	5 10 15	$t_{THL}$		60 30 20	120 60 40	ns ns ns
						$10 \text{ ns} + (1,0 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $9 \text{ ns} + (0,42 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $6 \text{ ns} + (0,28 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$
LOW to HIGH	5 10 15	$t_{TLH}$		60 30 20	120 60 40	ns ns ns
						$10 \text{ ns} + (1,0 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $9 \text{ ns} + (0,42 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$ $6 \text{ ns} + (0,28 \text{ ns/pF}) C_L$
Set-up time $D \rightarrow CP$	5 10 15	$t_{su}$	25 25 20	-15 -10 -5	ns ns ns	
Hold time $D \rightarrow CP$	5 10 15	$t_{hold}$	40 20 15	20 10 8	ns ns ns	
Minimum clock pulse width; LOW	5 10 15	$t_{WCPL}$	60 30 20	30 15 10	ns ns ns	see waveforms Figs 4 and 5
Minimum MR pulse width; HIGH	5 10 15	$t_{WMRH}$	80 30 24	40 15 12	ns ns ns	
Recovery time for MR	5 10 15	$t_{RMR}$	50 30 20	20 10 5	ns ns ns	
Maximum clock pulse frequency	5 10 15	$f_{max}$	7 15 22	15 30 44	MHz MHz MHz	

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	$V_{DD}$ V	TYPICAL FORMULA FOR P ( $\mu$ W)	
Dynamic power dissipation per package (P)	5 10 15	$1\ 500 f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$ $6\ 300 f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$ $17\ 000 f_i + \sum (f_o C_L) \times V_{DD}^2$	where $f_i$ = input freq. (MHz) $f_o$ = output freq. (MHz) $C_L$ = load capacitance (pF) $\sum (f_o C_L)$ = sum of outputs $V_{DD}$ = supply voltage (V)

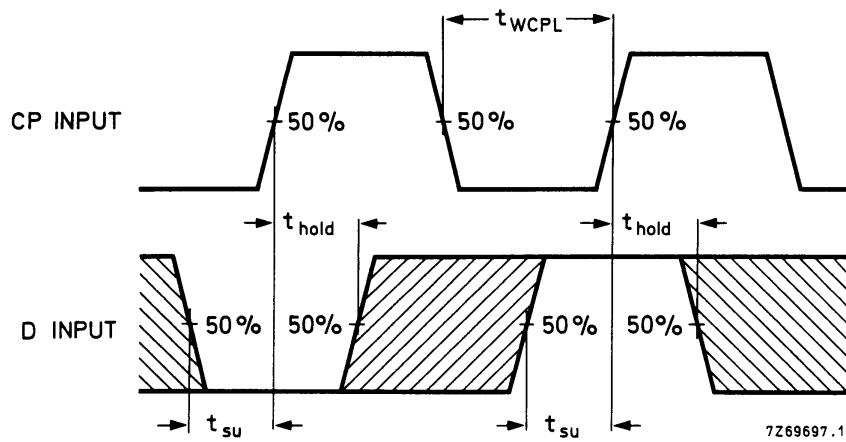


Fig.4 Waveforms showing set-up times, hold times and minimum clock pulse width. Set-up and hold times are shown as positive values but may be specified as negative values.

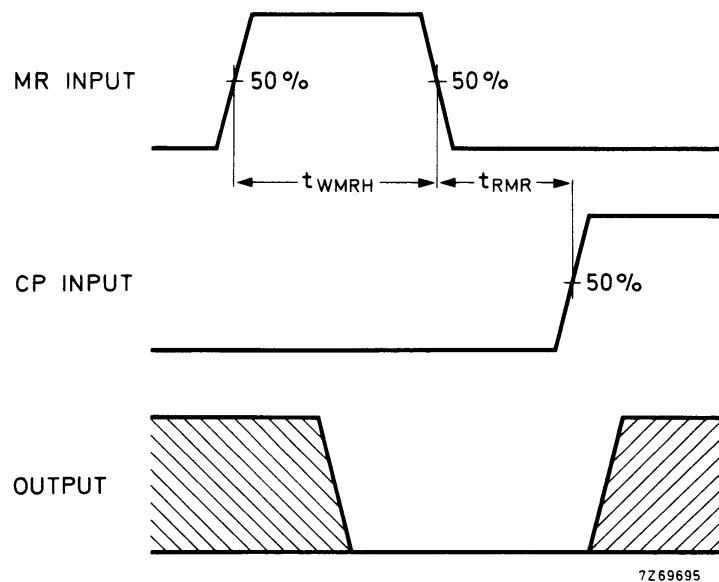


Fig.5 Waveforms showing recovery time for MR and minimum MR pulse width.