



## AVR-USB-STK development board Users Manual

Pb-free, Green All boards produced by Olimex are ROHS compliant

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## **INTRODUCTION:**

**AVR-USB-STK** is easy to use development board for the new AT90USB162 microcontroller. With AT90USB162 is very easy to develop USB functionality to your next device, as Atmel provide free open source HID (mouse, keyboard) and CDC (USB-to-RS232) code and on top of this AT90USB162 cost is same as ATMega16, so what you are waiting for? AVR-USB-STK board allow all USB features of AT90USB162 to be explored. The board have USB connector, Joystick, RS232, SD-MMC card, Audio output, ICSP connector and extension connector. All AT90USB162 come from Atmel pre-programmed with bootloader which allow code to be programmed inside the chip without any external programmer, just download the FLIP software from Atmel web site and load your HEX code inside AT90USB162. To enter the bootloader mode you should press and hold HWB button, then press and release RST button. If you prefer to use ICSP programmer note that only AVR-DRAGON and AVR-ISP-MK2 is supporting AT90USB162 as these are pretty new devices, probably AVR Dude will add support later, but for the moment you can't use AVR-PG1 or AVR-PG2 for ICSP programming, another bad news is that AT90USB162 supports only debug Wire not JTAG so to debug it you should have the expensive AT-JTAGICE-MK2 or AVR-DRAGON.

## **BOARD FEATURES:**

- AT90USB162 microcontroller with 16KB Flash, 512B RAM, 512B EEPROM
- ICSP 5x2 pin connector for in-circuit programming with AVR-ISP-MK2 (you generally don't need to use ICSP as you can program via USB)
- Debug Wire could be performed by 3 wires connected to ICSP (AT-JTAGICE-MK2 have such lose wire connector which to be used, you need VCC, GND, RST signals only)
- USB 2.0 Full speed connector
- RS232 driver and connector
- SD-MMC card connector
- Audio out 3.5 mm jack connector
- Extension connector with AVR port signals
- Status LED
- Joystick
- User button HWB (can be used to enter bootloader mode after reset)
- Reset button RST
- Takes power from USB no need for external adapter
- External power supply and voltage regulator if USB can't provide enough power
- Quartz crystal oscillator circuit 8Mhz
- Extension pin headers for each uC pin
- Four mounting holes 3.3 mm (0.13")
- Grid 100 mils
- GND bus
- Vcc bus
- FR-4, 1.5 mm (0,062"), green soldermask, white silkscreen component print
- Dimensions 77x72 mm (3x2.8")

## **ELECTROSTATIC WARNING:**

The AVR-USB-STK board is shipped in protective anti-static packaging. The board must not be subject to high electrostatic potentials. General practice for working with static sensitive devices should be applied when working with this board.

### **BOARD USE REQUIREMENTS:**

**Cables:** 1.8 meter USB A-B cable. RS232 female/male DB9 cable for connecting to PC RS232 port

#### Hardware: AVR-DRAGON, AVR-JTAGICEMK2 or compatible tools

**Software:** AVR Studio + WinAVR free development IDE and C compiler

## **PROCESSOR FEATURES:**

**AVR-USB-STK** uses Atmel 8-bit AVR CPU **AT90USB162** with these features:

- High Performance, Low Power AVR® 8-Bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
- 125 Powerful Instructions Most Single Clock Cycle Execution
- 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
- Fully Static Operation
- Up to 16 MIPS Throughput at 16 MHz
- Non-volatile Program and Data Memories
- 8K / 16K Bytes of In-System Self-Programmable Flash
- Endurance: 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles
- Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits
- USB boot-loader programmed by default in the factory
- In-System Programming by on-chip Boot Program hardware-activated after reset
- True Read-While-Write Operation
- 512 Bytes EEPROM
- Endurance: 100,000 Write/Erase Cycles
- 512 Bytes Internal SRAM
- Programming Lock for Software Security
- USB 2.0 Full-speed Device Module with Interrupt on Transfer Completion
- Complies fully with Universal Serial Bus Specification REV 2.0
- 48 MHz PLL for Full-speed Bus Operation : data transfer rates at 12 Mbit/s
- Fully independant 176 bytes USB DPRAM for endpoint memory allocation
- Endpoint 0 for Control Transfers: from 8 up to 64-bytes
- 4 Programmable Endpoints:
- IN or Out Directions
- Bulk, Interrupt and IsochronousTransfers
- Programmable maximum packet size from 8 to 64 bytes
- Programmable single or double buffer
- Suspend/Resume Interrupts
- Microcontroller reset on USB Bus Reset without detach
- USB Bus Disconnection on Microcontroller Request
- USB pad multiplexed with PS/2 peripheral for single cable capability
- PS/2 compliant pad
- One 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescaler and Compare Mode (two 8-bit PWM channels)

- One 16-bit Timer/Counter with Separate Prescaler, Compare and Capture Mode (three 8-bit PWM channels)
- USART with SPI master only mode and hardware flow control (RTS/CTS)
- Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
- Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
- On-chip Analog Comparator
- Interrupt and Wake-up on Pin Change
- On Chip Debug Interface (debugWIRE)
- Power-On Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
- Internal Calibrated Oscillator
- External and Internal Interrupt Sources
- Five Sleep Modes: Idle, Power-save, Power-down, Standby, and Extended Standby
- Operating Voltages 2.7V 5.5V
- Operating temperature Industrial (-40°C to +85°C)

## **BLOCK DIAGRAM:**



## **MEMORY MAP:**



Figure 5-1. Program Memory Map

Data Memory Map

#### Data Memory



## **SCHEMATIC:**



## **BOARD LAYOUT:**



#### **POWER SUPPLY CIRCUIT:**

**AVR-USB-STK** can be powered from the USB port or from external power supply. The polarity of the external power supply doesn't matter as there is diode bridge at the front stage, this making possible AVR-USB-STK to be powered with AC or DC power adapters. The input voltage should be in the range of 7-12VDC or 6-9VAC. The board power consumption is about 15 mA.

#### **RESET CIRCUIT:**

**AVR-USB-STK** reset circuit consist of R4 pullup, RST button and R9 current limiting resistor. When RST button is pressed logical 0 is fed to the AT90USB162 reset input. As the reset port may be configured by the software as GPIO and output the current limiting resistor R9 is connected between the RST button and the microcontroller.

## **CLOCK CIRCUIT:**

8MHz quartz crystal is connected to AT90USB162 pin 1 (XTAL1) and pin 2 ((PC0)/XTAL2). Internal PLL generates the 48Mhz necessary for the USB.

#### **INPUT/OUTPUT:**

#### Reset button with name RST.

Button with name HWB, connected to AT90USB162 pin 13 ((#CTS/#HWB/TD/INT7)/PD7) which, if pressed, could activate the USB Bootloader after reset or could be used as user button.
Joystick with name JOYSTICK\_MT5\_F with four used positions (up, down, right, left).
Power LED (red) with name PWR.
User status LED (red) with name STAT.

#### **JUMPER DESCRIPTION:**



When the jumper is closed, it enables AT90USB162 to control standby function of the audio amplifier U3 (TS4871). When the jumper is open, U3 enter standby mode. Default state is closed.

## **CONNECTOR DESCRIPTIONS:**

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Pin #	Signal Name	Pin #	Signal Name
1	MOSI	2	VCC (+3.3V)
3	NC	4	GND
5	RST	6	GND
7	SCLK	8	GND
9	MISO	10	GND



**MOSI** I/O **Master Out Slave In.** SPI data transfer signal. It is either input or output depending on whether the MCU is master or slave.

**SCLK** I/O **Serial (Synchronization) Clock.** This is the synchronization signal. It could be either input (MCU – slave) or output (MCU – master).

**MISO** I/O **Master In Slave Out.** SPI data transfer signal. It is either input or output depending on whether the MCU is master or slave.

## <u>EXT:</u>

Pin #	Signal Name	Pin #	Signal Name
3.3V		GND	
VIN	EXT_PWR	+5V_USB	+5V
PB0	B5(SELECT)	PB1	SCLK
PB2	MOSI	PB3	MISO
PB4	B1(LEFT)	PB5	B2(UP)
PB6	B3(RIGHT)	PB7	B4(DOWN)
PC1	RST	PC2	CS_SD/MMC
PC4	USB_P	PC5	PWM_OUT
PC6	STNBY	PC7	INT4/ICP1
PD0	(OC.OB/INT0)	PD1	СР
PD2	RXD1	PD3	TXD1
PD4	(INT5)	PD5	WP
PD6	#RTS	PD7	#CTS/PD7



**VIN** Input **Voltage In**. You could apply external voltage at this pin.

**MOSI** I/O **Master Out Slave In.** SPI data transfer signal. It is either input or output depending on whether the MCU is master or slave.

**MISO** I/O **Master In Slave Out.** SPI data transfer signal. It is either input or output depending on whether the MCU is master or slave.

**SCLK** I/O **Serial (Synchronization) Clock.** This is the synchronization signal. It could be either input (MCU – slave) or output (MCU – master).

**USB\_P** Input **USB Power.** The board could take power supply over the USB.

**PWM\_OUT** Output **PWM Output.** This signal is passed to the headphones amplifier.

STNBY Output Stand-by. This signal controls the standby mode of the audio amplifier.

**CP** Input **Card Present**. This signal is part of the SD/MMC interface.

**RXD1** Input **Receive Data**. This is the asynchronous data input for the RS232 interface.

**TXD1** Output **Transmit Data**. This is the asynchronous data output for the RS232 interface.

**WP** Input **Write Protection.** This signal is part of the SD/MMC interface.

**#RTS** Output **Request To Send.** This signal is part of the RS232 interface.

**#CTS** Input **Clear To Send.** This signal is part of the RS232 interface.

#### <u>RS232</u>

Pin #	Signal Name	Pin #	Signal Name
1	NC	6	to pin 4
2	TXDOUT	7	RS-CTS
3	RXDIN	8	RS-RTS
4	to pin 6	9	GND
5	GND		



**TXDOUT** Output **Transmit Data**. This is the asynchronous data output for the RS232 interface.

**RXDOUT** Input**Receive Data.** This is the asynchronous data input for the RS232 interface. **#RTS** Output**Request To Send.** This signal is part of the RS232 interface. **#CTS** Input **Clear To Send.** This signal is part of the RS232 interface.

#### SD-MMC

Pin #	Signal Name	Pin #	Signal Name
1	CS_SD/MMC	9	Pull-up to 3.3V
2	MOSI	10	WP
3	GND	11	Not Connected
4	VDD	12	Not Connected
5	SCLK	13	СР
6	GND	14	Pull-down
7	MISO	15	Pull-down
8	Pull-up to 3.3V		

**CS\_SD/MMC** Output **Chip Select SD/MMC.** This signal enables and disables the SD/MMC connector.

**MOSI** Output **Master Out Slave In.** As the access to the memory is via SPI output from the MCU (which is master) and input for the memory card (which is slave).

WPInputWrite Protection. This signal is part of the SD/MMC interface.SCLKOutput Serial (Synchronization) Clock. This is the synchronizationclock for the datatransfer.CPInputCard Present. This signal is part of the SD/MMC interface.MISOInputMaster In Slave Out. As the access to the memory card is via SPIinterface, this isdata input for the MCU(which is master) and dataoutput from the memory card(which is slave).

## <u>USB</u>

Pin #	Signal Name
1	+5V
2	D-
3	D+
4	GND



D- and D+ both form differential input or output depending on the direction w.

# of the data flow. **<u>PWR\_JACK</u>**

Pin #	Signal Name
1	9VDC/6VAC
2	GND



## Audio Out:



## **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS:**



## **ORDER CODE:**

AVR-USB-STK - assembled and tested (no kit, no soldering required)

How to order? You can order to us directly or by any of our distributors. Check our web <u>www.olimex.com/dev</u> for more info.

#### **Revision history:**

REV.A - created July 2008

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